

Addressing untapped opportunities through early equipment replacement

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How could a calculation methodology to prove the additionality of early product replacement look like?

- Additionality of an energy efficiency measure is the **supplementary impact** of a measure **beyond standard practices**
- The **baseline scenario** would be **the standard replacement at the end of the old motor's lifetime**, while additionality may refer to the early replacement by a new efficient motor, where the existing (old) motor would otherwise have remained in service until the end of its lifetime.

How could a calculation methodology to prove the additionality of early product replacement look like?

- Swiss comparative analysis (Jibran, Patel, 2017*) of different methods

1. Transparency

- Is additionality accounted for?
- What method, reference values are used?

2. Advanced vs. simplified methods: accuracy vs. challenges

- reference standard technology for more complex systems (compressors, fans, pumps)
- for motors easier

3. Careful estimation of investments & savings can lift investment barriers

*M. Jibran S. Zuberi and Martin K. Patel: The importance of additionality in evaluating the economic viability of motor-related energy efficiency measures, 2017

How could a calculation methodology to prove the additionality of early product replacement look like?

Costs (Energy investment)

- $E_{\text{investment}} = PV_{\text{old}} + I_{\text{efficient}} - I_{\text{standard}}$
- Equipment value depreciates quickly in the early years compared to closer to end of lifetime
- Most profitable to change an old motor once 2/3 of its lifetime has been reached (may not be true for motors with low running hours)

Energy savings (ES)

- $ES = ES_{\text{during}} + ES_{\text{after}}$
- During + after lifetime of old equipment
- Baseline for comparison:
 - during: old motor (IE2)
 - after: standard motor (IE3)

Subsidies

- Reward early replacement
 - x%: if replaced equipment exceeded its lifetime
 - 2x%: between 50% and 100% of its lifetime
 - 3x%: below 50% of its lifetime
- Ideally: subsidy is a compensation for the additional cost of the more energy efficient solution

What measures could be implemented to boost product replacement rates?

- 1. Understanding** the stock and its characteristics
(EU-wide study)
- 2. Awareness raising** among end-users
(non-energy benefits)
- 3. Create alliances** (e.g. service companies)
- 4. Capacity building** for qualitative energy audits
(including motor systems)
- 5. Subsidies**